It's Summertime: CASA Encourages Keeping Summer Fun and Safe

Summer is a wonderful time for outdoor activities with family and friends. For many people, a day at the beach, on the boat, or at a backyard barbecue will include drinking alcoholic beverages. Manhasset CASA and the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism remind adults that excessive drinking and summer activities don't mix. Excessive drinking will impair both physical and mental abilities, and also decreases inhibitions-which can lead to tragic consequences on the water, on the road, and in the great outdoors. In fact, research shows that half of all water recreation deaths of teens and adults involve the use of alcohol.

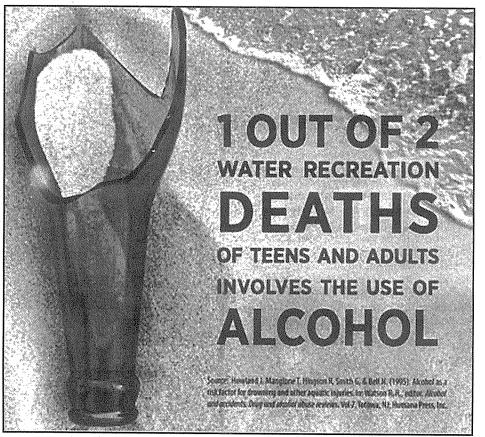
Swimmers Can Get In Over Their Heads

Alcohol impairs judgment and increases risk-taking, a dangerous combination for swimmers. Even experienced swimmers may venture out farther than they should and not be able to make it back to shore, or they may not notice how chilled they're getting and develop hypothermia. Surfers could become over-confident and try to ride a wave beyond their abilities. Even around a pool, too much alcohol can have deadly consequences. Inebriated divers may collide with the diving board, or dive where the water is too shallow.

Boaters Can Lose Their Bearings

According to research funded by the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, alcohol may be involved in 60 percent of boating fatalities, including falling overboard. And a boat operator with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC)

over 0.1 percent is 16 times more likely to be killed in a boating accident than an operator with zero BAC. According to the U.S. Coast Guard and the National Association of State Boating Law Administrators, alcohol can impair a boater's judgment, balance, vision, and reaction time. It can also increase fatigue and susceptibility to the effects of cold-water immersion. And if problems arise, intoxicated



Alcohol can impair a boater's judgment, balance, vision, and reaction time. It can increase fatigue and susceptibility to the effects of cold-water immersion. Sun, wind, noise, vibration, and motion – "stressors" common to the boating environment – intensify the effects of alcohol, drugs, and some medications (US Coast Guard: Operation Dry Water 2012)

boaters are ill equipped to find solution. For passengers, intoxication can lead slips on deck, falls overboard, or accidents at the dock.

Stay Hydrated

Whether you're on the road or in t great outdoors, heat plus alcohol c equal trouble. Hot summer days cause fl id loss through perspiration, while alcol causes fluid loss through increased urir tion. Together, they can quickly lead dehydration or heat stroke. But this doe n't have to happen. At parties, make least every other drink a nonalcoholic or If you're the host, be sure to provide ple ty of cold, refreshing nonalcoholic drin to keep your guests well hydrated. If y know you'll be driving, stay away fro alcohol. And remember, there's no shar in taking a cab or sleeping on a friend couch if you feel at all unsure if yo should be driving.

Summer Will End, But Consequences Can Endure

You can have fun in the sun and still safe. Avoiding beverages that cause me tal and physical impairment while pilotin a boat, driving a car, exploring the wildeness, and swimming or surfing is a gorplace to start. Be smart this summerthink before you drink, and make sure the you and your loved ones will be around enjoy many summers to come.

For more information on preventile problems with alcohol this summer, at tips on cutting back, visit http://www.rthinkingdrinking.niaaa.nih.gov or go manhassetcasa.org.

